

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	Earth Renewable Laundry Soaker
Other Means of Identification	None
Product Code	5kg pail: 15-240
Product Use	Laundry soaking stain remover
Supplier	Solo Pak Pty Ltd
ABN	29 076 652 269
Mail Address	PO Box 67, Brisbane Markets QLD, 4106
Email	sales@solopak.com.au
Telephone:	1300 307 755
Emergency Telephone:	Poisons Information Centre (National) 131126

2. Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	None
GHS Classification	Acute Toxicity: 4 Skin Irritation: 2 Eye Damage: 1

GHS Label Elements



SIGNAL WORD **DANGER**

Hazard Statement(s)

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage

Prevention(s)

P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

| protection/ face protection.

Response

P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P321	Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P330	Rinse mouth
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage

P405	No special precautions
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Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
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Contains: Sodium Percarbonate

Other hazards: This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater)

Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number	% Weight	Hazard Classification
Sodium Percarbonate	15630-89-4	10-30	Ox. Sol. 2 - H272 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Sodium Metasilicate Pentahydrate	10213-79-3	10-30	Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 STOT SE 3 - H336

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equaled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

4. First Aid Measures

General	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical
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Inhalation	burns must be treated by a physician. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Skin	Rinse with water
Eyes	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	No specific symptoms known.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Advice for firefighters Fire Fighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming

to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Slippery when spilt.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

7. Precautions for handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe Handling	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Other Information	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	
Suitable containers	Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.
Storage class	Toxic storage.

8. Exposure controls /personal protection

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls
Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Other skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Respiratory protection

Environmental exposure controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact protection.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	Medium density powder
Colour:	Yellow / White
Odour:	Fragrant
Specific gravity:	1.02
Solubility value g/100g H ₂ O 20°C:	Soluble in water.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Stability	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reaction Conditions to Avoid	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Incompatible Materials	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation. Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD50)	Acute Toxicity 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed. ATE oral (mg/kg): 2000.0
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes -(inhalation LC50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Damage 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.

General Information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	No specific symptoms known.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin	Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Persistence/Degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Bio-accumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Mobility in Soil	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Other adverse effects	None known

13. Disposal considerations

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. Transport Information

UN Number	Not applicable
Proper shipping name	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es)	No transport warning sign required.
Packing group	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	

Environmentally hazardous substance / marine pollutant: No.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

15. Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Inventories

AICS | None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

Training advice
General Information

Only trained personnel should use this material.
The following risk and hazard statements are to be considered a glossary. They relate to the raw materials used in this product and therefore may not be accurate for the finished product itself. For the complete risk and hazard statements for this product please refer to section 2 of this Safety Data Sheet

Hazard statements in full

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer.
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Abbreviations

AICS

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number

Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC50

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% — concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

ES

Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed in a work day

GHS

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HAZCHEM Code

Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters

IARC

International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL

Lower Explosive Limit

LD50

Lethal Dose 50% — dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC50

Lethal Concentration 50% — concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)

NICNAS

National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme

Peak Limitation

Peak Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

SDS

Safety Data Sheet

STEL

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is

Safety Data Sheet

Earth Renewable Laundry Soaker

TWA	not exceeded Time Weighted Average — generally referred to ES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number

References

Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from IUCLID datasheet for the specific chemical.
NOHSC: 1003	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 1995, Exposure Standards for Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)11]

Prepared By	Jon Sprinkhuizen
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Changes Made	Update SDS to GHS format
References	Australian Dangerous Goods Code Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice 2011. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons (SUSMP) Guidance

Contact Person/Point	Australia 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26
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Legal Disclaimer	The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.
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End of SDS